



High Temperature DC-Bus Capacitor Cost Reduction and Performance Improvements

Angelo Yializis
Sigma Technologies International

Project ID #: EDT059

Overview

High Temperature DC-Bus Capacitors Cost Reduction and Performance Improvements

Timeline

- Start date October 1, 2013
- End date March 31, 2017
- Percent complete 100% as of 3/31/2017

Budget

Total funding: \$3,510,897

DOE share: \$2,288,559

Contractor share: \$1,222,338

Expenditure of funds in

- FY13: \$129,484

– FY14: \$1,239,821

– FY15: \$996,153

– FY16: \$1,089,990

FY17: \$55,447

Total: \$3,510,897

Barriers addressed

- A & C (Cost & Weight): Overall size and cost of inverters, as well as thermal management system
- D (Performance and Lifetime): High-temperature operation
 - The performance and lifetime of capacitors available today degrade rapidly with increasing temperature (ripple current capability decreases with temperature increase from 85°C to 105°C)

Partners

- Interactions / collaborations
 - Delphi Automotive Systems
 - Oak Ridge National Laboratory
 - Project lead: Sigma Technologies





Relevance/Objectives

- Overall Objectives
 - Reduce the cost, size and weight of the DC-link capacitor by >50%
 - Increase durability in high temperature environments
- Objectives this period
 - Produce full size parts
 - Develop an encapsulation package
 - Test PML capacitors in an inverter circuit
 - Continue long term testing
- Impact
 - Accelerate the manufacturing capability and mass production adoption of energy-efficient and cost-effective APEEM capacitor technologies into electric drive vehicles, such as electric vehicles (EVs), hybrid electric vehicles (HEVs), and plug-in hybrid electric vehicles (PHEVs)





Project Milestones

Month/ Year	Milestone or Go /No-Go Decision	Description	Status
March 2017	Milestone	Produce Gen2 Parts meeting or exceeding DOE requirments	Completed





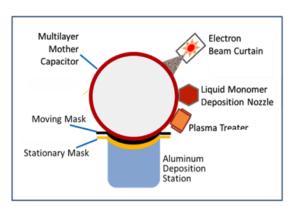
Approach – Overcome Limitations of Polypropylene (PP) DC-Link Capacitors

- Current baseline PP DC-link capacitors are large (~1 liter), heavy (~1 kg), temperature limited (105°C) and costly
- Metallized PP capacitors must be derated from 85°C to 105°C by at least 30%, which is >50% drop in energy density
- PP DC-link capacitor supply chain: Today's PP DC-link capacitors utilize extruded and biaxially oriented film produced and metallized by just a handful of film OEMs worldwide, as a result most capacitor OEMs produce similar products and there is limited opportunity for innovation
- Sigma has developed a solid state Polymer-Multi-Layer (PML) Having a prismatic shape with
- low ESL and ESR
- Operating temperature (T_{op}) range of -40°C < T_{op} < 140°C
- Dielectric constants in the range of 3.2, Dissipation factor DF < 0.01 through out the temperature range
- Submicron polymer dielectric
- Benign failure mode
- <u>Transformational and potentially disruptive technology</u>: Liquid monomer and Al wire are converted in a single step into Mother Capacitor material

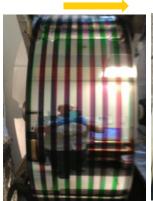




Approach – High Temperature, High energy density Polymer Multi-Layer (PML) DC-Link Capacitors



PML Capacitor Process Schematic



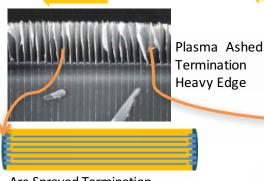
10ft long Mother Capacitor Material On Process Drum



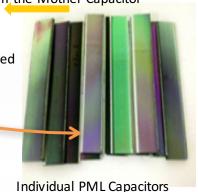
12" x 12" Card Segmented from the Mother Capacitor



Capacitor Chips and Chip Stacks to Form Larger Capacitors



Arc Sprayed Termination



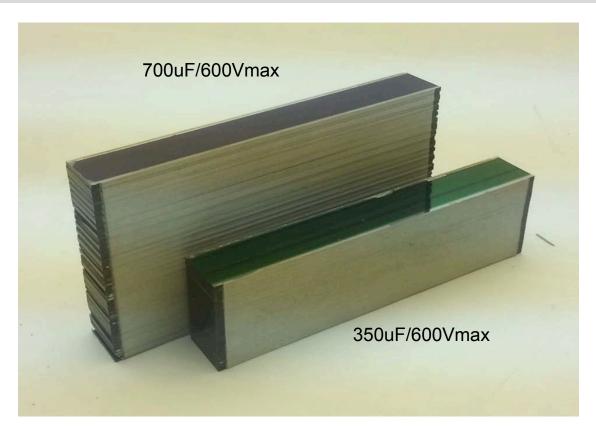
All aspects of capacitor manufacturing are controlled by the capacitor OEM





Technical Accomplishment - Simple Prismatic Construction

High Temperature DC-Bus Capacitors Cost Reduction and Performance Improvements



All Applications Regardless of Voltage and Capacitance Are Served By A single Solid State Part With Low ESR and ESL





Technical Accomplishment - Packaging

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Overmolding (Transfer Molding)



Epoxy Potting in a High Temperature

Box

Two Different packaging Designs Have been Pursued Overmolding and Epoxy Potting





Technical Accomplishment – Evaluation of the PML capacitors

- Over the course of this development various forms of the new capacitor have been tested
 - Strips, stacks, packaged DC-link capacitors
 - Initial strips and stacks were not packaged
- When capacitors are received they are characterized for capacitance, ESR, ESL, dissipation factor, impedance, breakdown strength and the resonant frequency is measured
 - Evaluated using various AEC Q200D tests
 - Thermal storage, thermal shock, thermal cycle, bias humidity
- With a temperature range of -40° C to 140° C
- Test results show that PML capacitors are as good or better than PP capacitor with equal capacitance and voltage rating





Technical Accomplishment – Dyne Testing

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Tested Configuration

- A 500µF unpackaged Sigma capacitor was instrumented with nine thermocouples
 - Three on the bottom surface equally spaced across the length
 - Three in center equally spaced across the length
 - Three on top surface equally spaced across the length
- Three additional thermocouples placed of the top surface of a packaged capacitor, equally spaced across the length
- This arrangement of thermocouples allows the measurement of temperature thru the cap in the vertical direction and the measurement of temperature across the cap in the horizontal direction
- The capacitor was mounted in the inverter proud, not in contact with the heat sink





Technical Accomplishment – Dyne Testing (cont'd)

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 The heat sink coolant temperature is 75° C with the internal ambient inverter temperature stabilized at 105° C at which time the thermocouples start recording temperatures

Dyne Test Setup

- The inverter profile is set to run at its max continuous rating, creating a capacitor current of 82Arms
- This profile continues until the thermocouples temperatures stabilize
- Motor speed is set to zero and the inverter is turned off while the recording of thermocouple data continues till the thermocouples temperatures stabilize
- The purpose of the testing was to confirm that during the dyne test the Sigma capacitor does not exceed its temperature limits or fail
- The capacitor was well within it tested thermal limits and no problems were incurred during testing





Technical Accomplishment – 500µF/600V Volume Comparison

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 Sigma's capacitor is 1/3 the volume and weight of an equivalent polypropylene (PP) capacitor

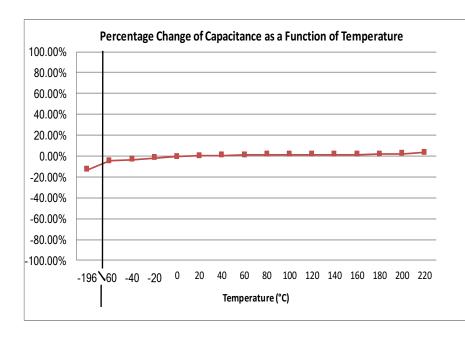


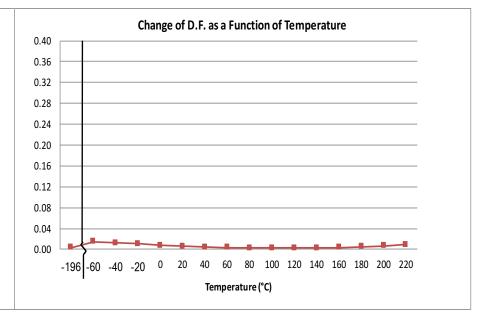
- PP capacitors Cannot exceed 105°C
- Sigma's capacitors have been tested between -40°C to 140°C with results comparable to or better than PP





Technical Accomplishment – Stability of the PML Capacitor Dielectric as a Function of Temperature

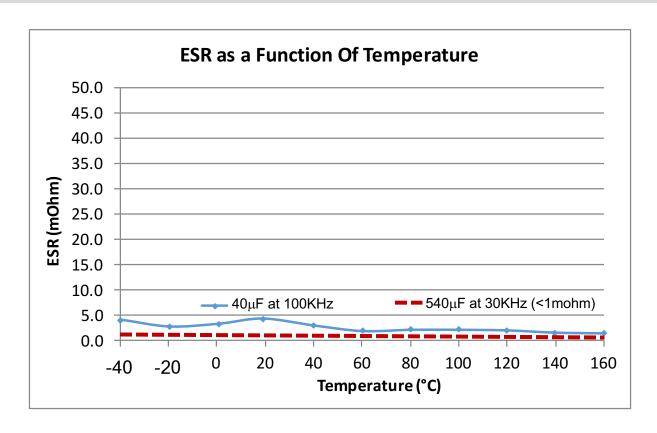








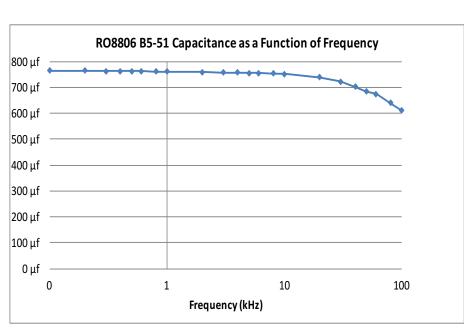
Technical Accomplishment – ESR as a Function of Temperature

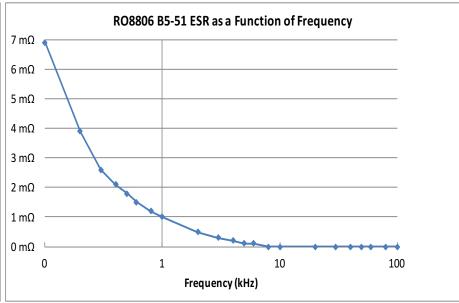






Technical Accomplishment – Capacitance and ESR as a Function of Frequency 770mF/600V Part Tested At Room Temperature



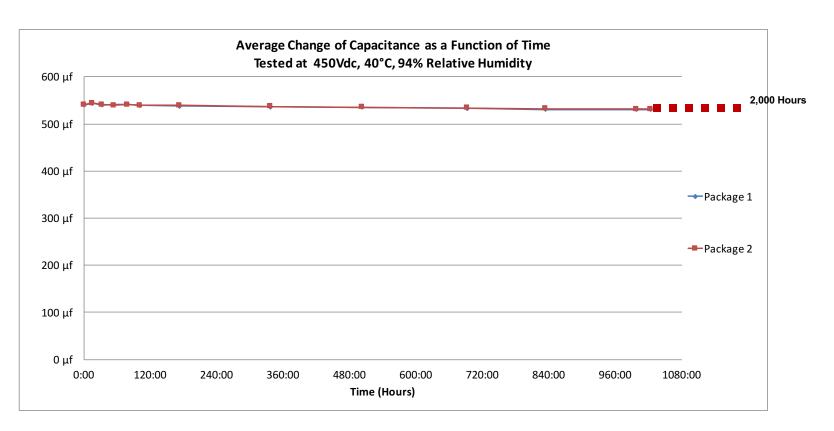






Technical Accomplishment – Life Test of 500mF/600V PML Capacitor Packaged Using An Epoxy Potting Process

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Potted in Air - Production Parts Will be Vacuum Potted





Technical Accomplishment – Higher Voltage Parts Ratings

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During this development period Sigma demonstrated that PML parts can be produced to service higher voltage with even higher ripple current per microfarad capacity

A number of parts have been produced with a rating of $240\mu F/700V/900V_{max}$, for a Formula-e car inverter

Preliminary data indicates that PML capacitors with a voltage rating >1000V can be produced that can handle high ripple currents to service higher frequency SiC MOSFET based inverter circuits



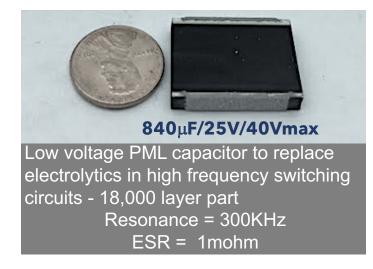


Technical Accomplishment – Lower Voltage Ratings

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Low voltage inverters (12 and 48V) are used in a variety of applications that - include: Electric steering, Start and Stop Systems (compressor, water pump) - Electric turbos wipers, window motors, blower, other -

- Aluminum electrolytic capacitors rated 25V to 63V are used for such applications
- PP capacitors are not available for such low voltages
- PML capacitors can have dielectrics with a thickness as low as $0.1\mu m$, and can address low voltage applications
- When compared to electrolytics, PML Capacitor have
 - Lower ESR
 - Lower FSI
 - Both Lower and Higher Operating Temperatures
 - Higher Resonant frequency
 - Higher Current Carrying Capacity
- A single PML capacitor can replace multiple electrolytics







Response to reviewers comments

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 2016 review showed only positive comments and no questions from reviewers





Collaboration / Coordination with Other Institutions

High Temperature DC-Bus Capacitors Cost Reduction and Performance Improvements

Delphi Automotive Systems, LLC

- U.S.-based Tier 1 supplier to many U.S. and non-U.S. automotive OEMs
- Delphi has been actively developing inverters and other power electronics products, including battery energy storage systems, for these OEM customers for over 30 years

Oak Ridge National Laboratory

- Power Electronics and Electric Machinery Research Center (PEEMRC) is the U.S. Department of Energy's (DOE) premiere broad-based research center for power electronics and electric machinery development
- The PEEPSRC facilities include state-of-the-art laboratory equipment, and the engineers are versant in a multitude of component and system level modeling programs





Remaining Challenges and Barriers

High Temperature DC-Bus Capacitors Cost Reduction and Performance Improvements

Can PML capacitors pass the stringent AEC-Q200 Rev D Test Plan?

Preliminary Tests show that

- PML capacitors have low ESR which will minimize I²R heating
- Current parts perform well under various thermal cycle tests.
 Performance will improve when parts are packaged
- Parts perform well on DC voltage, dV/dt and current tests
- Preliminary performance on bias/temp/humidity test suggests that packaged passivated PML capacitors will pass this test

At this stage there is not indication that PML capacitors will fail the qualification test plan used to qualify PP capacitors





Future Work

High Temperature DC-Bus Capacitors Cost Reduction and Performance Improvements

- Select one or both of the epoxy potting and/or overmolding packaging methods
- Continue to sample potential customers, using the pilot line
- Make further improvements to increase the capacity of the pilot line
- Finalize the design of production equipment and start to place orders
- Continue to contact potential customers and define new market opportunities

Any proposed future work is subject to change based on funding levels





Summary

High Temperature DC-Bus Capacitors Cost Reduction and Performance Improvements

The project has met and exceeded all DOE target requirements for the development of a new high temperature DC-Link Capacitor

DC-Link Capacitor Characteristic	DOE Target Requirement	PML Capacitor Property
Capacitor Rating	-	400VDC, 600VDC max 700μF, 165A, 295A max
Temperature Range	-40°C to 140°C	-40°C to 140°C
Volume Requirement (liters)	<0.6	<0.3
Direct Cost	<\$30	<\$20
Failure Mechanism	Safe – Self Healing	Safe – Self Healing
Energy Density	Best Effort	1/3 the Size of State of the Art Metallized PP Capacitors





Publications and Presentations

High Temperature DC-Bus Capacitors Cost Reduction and Performance Improvements

Publications

None at this time

A new patent has been issued by the US patent office that addresses both the PML capacitor properties as well as the use of PML capacitors for dc-link applications

Presentations

April 2017 – Project Presentation to DOE and Team Members



